CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION REPORT ON AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015



CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Cumberland County Insurance Commission 9 Campus Drive, Suite 216 Parsippany, NJ 07054

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Cumberland County Insurance Commission (the "Commission") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Board of Commissioners Cumberland County Insurance Commission

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Cumberland County Insurance Commission as of December 31, 2015 and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Cumberland County Insurance Commission's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary schedules as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements and are presented for purposes of additional analysis. The accompanying supplementary schedules listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2016 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully Submitted,

Bowman & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Bowna & Carpy LLP

& Consultants

Woodbury, New Jersey October 6, 2016



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Cumberland County Insurance Commission 9 Campus Drive, Suite 216 Parsippany, NJ 07054

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the Cumberland County Insurance Commission (the "Commission") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collective comprise the Commission's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 6, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Commission's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Board of Commissioners Cumberland County Insurance Commission

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards, and audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully Submitted,

Bouma & Carpy LLP

Bowman & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

Woodbury, New Jersey October 6, 2016

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION

Management's Discussion and Analysis Unaudited

This section of the annual financial report of the Commission presents a discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Commission for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements that follow this section.

Overview of Basic Financial Statements

The Commission's basic financial statements are prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental entities and insurance enterprises where applicable. The primary purpose of the Commission is to provide property and casualty insurance coverage for Cumberland County Proper and its' inter-agencies that are members of the Commission. The Commission maintains separate enterprise funds by incurred years and line of coverage. The basic financial statements are presented on an accrual basis of accounting. The three basic financial statements presented are as follows:

Statement of Net Position – This statement presents information reflecting the Commission's assets, liabilities, and net position. Net position represents the amount of total assets less total liabilities.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – This statement reflects the Commission's operating revenues and expenses, as well as non-operating items during the reporting period. The change in net position for an enterprise fund is similar to net profit or loss for any other insurance company.

Statement of Cash Flows – The statement of cash flows is presented on the direct method of reporting, which reflects cash flows from operating and investing activities. Cash collections and payments are reflected in this statement to arrive at the net increase or decrease in cash for the year.

Financial Highlights

Summary Statements of Net Position

The following tables summarize the Net Position and results of operations for the Commission as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013.

2015 to 2014 Change

	12/31/2015	12/31/2014	12/31/2013	Amount	Percentage
Assets					
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,887,795	\$ 2,035,438	\$ 145,712	\$ 852,357	41.9%
Investments in Joint Ventures	181,026	154,882	106,982	26,144	16.9%
Other Assets		930	1,318,500	(930)	-100.0%
Total Assets	3,068,821	2,191,250	1,571,194	877,571	40.0%
Liabilities, Reserves & Net Position					
Liabilities					
Loss Reserves	1,316,254	946,600	603,979	369,654	39.1%
Other Liabilities & Reserves	30,530	41,652	41,163	(11,122)	-26.7%
Total Liabilities and Reserves	1,346,784	988,252	645,142	358,532	36.3%
Net Position - Unrestricted	\$ 1,722,037	\$ 1,202,998	\$ 926,052	\$ 519,039	43.1%
Summary Statements of Revenues, Expenses,	and Changes in N 12/31/2015	Tet Position 12/31/2014	12/31/2013	2015 to 201 Amount	4 Change Percentage
Operating Revenue					
Regular Contributions & Other Income	\$ 2,835,894	\$ 2,777,231	\$ 2,573,443	\$ 58,663	2.1%
Operating Expenses:					
Provision for Claims and Claims Expense	935,880	1 160 441			
Insurance Premiums	755,000	1,160,441	767,145	(224,561)	-19.4%
Administrative and Organities	1,084,711	1,160,441	767,145 920,110	(224,561) 27,799	-19.4% 2.6%
Administrative and Operating	•		•		
Total Operating Expenses	1,084,711	1,056,912	920,110	27,799	2.6%
	1,084,711 330,072	1,056,912 330,657	920,110 312,753	27,799 (585)	2.6% -0.2%
Total Operating Expenses	1,084,711 330,072 2,350,663	1,056,912 330,657 2,548,010	920,110 312,753 2,000,008	27,799 (585) (197,347)	2.6% -0.2% -7.7%
Total Operating Expenses Operating Income	1,084,711 330,072 2,350,663 485,231	1,056,912 330,657 2,548,010 229,221	920,110 312,753 2,000,008 573,435	27,799 (585) (197,347) 256,010	2.6% -0.2% -7.7% 111.7%
Total Operating Expenses Operating Income Investment Income	1,084,711 330,072 2,350,663 485,231 7,664	1,056,912 330,657 2,548,010 229,221 1,934	920,110 312,753 2,000,008 573,435 2,676	27,799 (585) (197,347) 256,010 5,730	2.6% -0.2% -7.7% 111.7% 296.3%

Financial Highlights Continued

On January 25, 2012, the Cumberland County Board of Chosen Freeholders adopted a resolution which authorized the establishment of the Cumberland County Insurance Commission. The Commission was established under N.J.S.A. 40A:10-6 which authorizes a governing body of any local unit to establish an Insurance Commission for the purposes provided by law. This was based on the County's determination that cost savings and efficiencies can be achieved if the County Proper and its inter-agencies share the cost of insurance, claim management and services, a safety and loss control program and consolidation of insurance policies.

The Cumberland County Insurance Commission's total assets at the end of the fourth year of operations were \$3,068,821 and total liabilities were \$1,346,784 resulting in a surplus in unrestricted net position of \$1,722,037. The Investment in Joint Ventures represents the Commission's share of net position in the New Jersey Counties Excess Joint Insurance Fund.

Insurance premiums represent the assessment paid to the New Jersey Counties Excess Joint Insurance Fund were \$1,084,711. That Fund is a cost sharing excess fund that assumes risk on behalf of the Commission and the other members of that Fund, Atlantic County Insurance Commission, Burlington County Insurance Commission, Camden County Insurance Commission, Gloucester County Insurance Commission, Hudson County, Mercer County Insurance Fund Commission, Ocean County, Salem County Insurance Fund Commission and Union County.

In 2015, investment income was \$7,664 during the reporting period.

Economic Conditions

The future financial position of the Commission will be impacted by trends in medical costs which affect workers compensation costs. The Commission will attempt to offset these trends by reducing accident frequency and severity, and by streamlining claims processing and management.

Contacting the Fund's Management

This financial report is designed to provide the Cumberland County Insurance Commission members and the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to demonstrate the Commission's accountability for the public funds it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Executive Director of the Cumberland County Insurance Commission office located at 9 Campus Drive, Suite 216, Parsippany, New Jersey 07054 or by phone at (201) 881-7632.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

ASSETS

Cash and Cash Equivalents Investment in Joint Venture	\$ 2,887,795 181,026
Total Assets	 3,068,821
LIABILITIES AND RESERVES	
Liabilities: Accrued Administrative Expenses Excess Insurance Payable Contributions Payable	27,463 1,744 1,323
Total Liabilities	 30,530
Claims Reserves: Case Reserves IBNR Reserves Less Reserve Discount Total Reserves	779,342 573,221 (36,309) 1,316,254
Total Liabilities and Reserves	1,346,784
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ 1,722,037

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Operating Revenue:	
Regular Contributions	\$ 2,835,894
Operating Expenses:	
Provision for Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses	935,880
Premium for Excess Insurance	1,084,711
Administrative Expenses:	0.400
Actuary	8,183
Attorney Auditor	5,990 6,100
Claims Administrator	56,000
Fund Administrator	90,866
Miscellaneous Expenses	14,027
Postage	10
Risk Management Consultants	144,117
Secretary Services	2,081
Treasurer	2,698
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Total Operating Expenses	 2,350,663
Operating Income	 485,231
Non-Operating Revenue:	26,144
Change in Investment in Joint Venture Investment Income	7,664
investment income	 7,004
Total Non-Operating Revenue	 33,808
Change in Net Position	519,039
Net Position - Beginning of Year	1,202,998
Distributions to Members	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 1,722,037

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Receipts from Regular Contributions Payments for Claim Payments Payments for Insurance Premiums Payments to Professionals and Suppliers	\$ 2,836,641 (566,226) (1,082,967) (342,753)
Net Cash Flows Provided By Operating Activities	 844,695
Cash Flows Provided By Investing Activities: Investment Income	 7,664
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	852,359
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	2,035,436
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 2,887,795
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Operating Income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities: Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	\$ 485,231
Contributions Receivable Contributions Payable Accrued Administrative Expenses Excess Insurance Payable Claims Reserves	930 (183) (12,681) 1,744 369,654
Net Cash Flows Provided By Operating Activities	\$ 844,695
Supplemental Disclosure - Noncash Activity: Change in Investment in Joint Venture	\$ 26,144

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Note 1: ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF THE COMMISSION

Effective September 25, 2012, the Cumberland County Insurance Commission (the "Commission") was formed in accordance with P.L. 1992, C.51, entitled "An Act Concerning Insurance Funds for Local Units of Government", and supplementing Chapter 10 of Title 40A:10-6. The Commission is operated in accordance with regulations of the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey for the purpose of securing significant savings in insurance cost as well as providing stability in coverage.

The Board of Commissioners of the Commission may approve subsequent membership by a majority vote of the commissioners or may terminate any member by a majority vote, after proper notice has been given. Early terminations require prior approval by the Commissioners.

During 2015, members of the Commission included the Cumberland County, Cumberland County Improvement Authority, Cumberland County Board of Social Services and Cumberland County Utility Authority.

All members' assessments, including a reserve for contingencies, are based on annual actuarial assumptions determined by the Commission's actuary. The Commissioners may order additional assessments to supplement the Commission's claim, loss retention or administrative accounts to assure the payment of the Commission's obligations.

The Commission offers the following primary insurance coverage to its members:

Workers' Compensation including Employers' Liability.

General Liability other than motor vehicles.

Property damage other than motor vehicles.

Automobile Liability and damage.

Through membership in the New Jersey Counties Excess Joint Insurance Fund (the "CEL"), the Commission offers the following ancillary insurance coverage to its members:

Public Officials Liability/Employment Practices Liability Crime Pollution Liability Medical Professional Liability Employed Lawyers Liability Cyber Liability

The Commission provides coverage on a self-insured basis and secures excess insurance in a form and an amount from an insurance company acceptable to the Commissioner of Insurance.

PROPERTY AND CASUALTY INSURANCE

The limits of Commission liability per occurrence for property and casualty coverages net of member entity deductibles for 2015 were as follows:

Property	\$100,000
Auto	\$250,000
General Liability	\$250,000
Workers' Compensation	\$250,000

Note 1: ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF THE COMMISSION (CONT'D)

Coverage in excess of the Commission's retention limits is provided through the Commission's membership in the New Jersey Counties Excess Joint Insurance Fund.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant policies followed by the Cumberland County Insurance Commission in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements:

Component Unit

In evaluating how to define the Commission for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include any potential component units in the financial reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statements No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in-substance part of the primary entity's operations. Each discretely presented component unit would be or is reported in a separate column in the financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary entity.

The basic-but not the only-criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the primary entity's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and / or its citizens.

A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the primary entity is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Finally, the nature and significance of a potential component unit to the primary entity could warrant its inclusion within the reporting entity.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the Commission has no component units and is not includable in any other reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Commission have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to enterprise funds of State and Local Governments on a going concern basis. The focus of enterprise funds is the measurement of economic resources, that is, the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Enterprise funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Member Assessments are recognized as revenue at the time of assessment.

Expenses - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds and cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and are stated at cost plus accrued interest. Such is the definition of cash and cash equivalents used in the statement of cash flows. U.S. treasury and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey governments units are required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-14 to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States or of the State of New Jersey or in the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of investments which may be purchased by New Jersey municipal units. In addition, other State statutes permit investments in obligations issued by local authorities and other state agencies.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units. The statute requires that no governmental unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA"), a multiple financial institutional collateral pool, which was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. Public depositories include State or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in or having a branch office in the State of New Jersey, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value at least equal to five percent of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of governmental units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the amount of their deposits to the governmental units.

The Commission has adopted a cash management plan which requires it to deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Act. In lieu of designating a depository, the cash management plan may provide that the local unit make deposits with the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Annual Contributions

Annual contributions are based on loss funds as determined by the Commission's actuary and are received in three installments. Total contributions are recognized as earned revenue evenly over the fiscal contract period or period of risk, if different. All past due contributions bear interest at the rate established annually by the Commissioners.

Supplemental Contributions

The Executive Committee shall by majority vote levy upon the participating county agencies additional assessments wherever needed to supplement the Commission's claim, loss retention or administrative accounts, after consideration of anticipated investment income, to assure the payment of the Commission's obligations. Supplemental contributions to cover a deficit are recognized as revenue upon approval whether or not actually received.

Interest Income Allocation

Interest income was allocated based on the ratio of monthly average invested cash balances by line of coverage to the total amount invested applied to interest income credited for the month.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities

The Commission establishes property and casualty claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved.

Because actual claims costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount, particularly for coverages such as general liability. Claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflect past inflation and on other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience. Adjustments to claims liabilities are reflected in reserves and cumulative expenses in the periods being reported upon.

A. Reported Claims Case Reserves

Case reserves include estimated unpaid claims cost for both future payments of losses and related allocated claim adjustment expenses as reported by the service agent, Inservco, Inc.

B. Claims Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) Reserve In order to recognize claims incurred but not reported, a reserve is calculated by the Commission's actuary, The Actuarial Advantage Inc.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Unpaid Claims Liabilities (Cont'd)

Case and IBNR Reserves represent the estimated liability on expected future development on claims already reported to the Commission plus claims incurred but not yet reported and unknown loss events that are expected to become claims. The liabilities for claims and related adjustment expenses are evaluated using Commission and industry data, case basis evaluations and other statistical analyses, and represent estimates of the ultimate net cost of all losses incurred through December 31, 2015. These liabilities are subject to variability between estimated ultimate losses determined as described and the actual experience as it emerges, including the impact of future changes in claim severity and frequency and other factors

Management believes that the liabilities for unpaid claims above are adequate. The estimates are reviewed periodically and as adjustments to these liabilities become necessary, such adjustments are reflected in cumulative operations.

Excess Coverage

Coverage in excess of the Commission's property and casualty self-insured retention limits is provided through the Commission's membership in the New Jersey Counties Excess Joint Insurance Fund as described in Note 6.

Subrogation

Subrogation and all other recoverable claim amounts, excluding excess insurance, are recognized upon receipt of cash only.

Refunds

As per Article VIII of the Commission's Rules and Regulations, any monies for a Fund year in excess of the amount necessary to fund all obligations for that fiscal year as certified by an actuary may be declared to be refundable by the Commission. A refund for any fiscal year shall be paid only in proportion to the member's participation in the Commission for such year. Payment of a refund shall not be contingent on the member's continued membership in the Commission. The Commission may apply a refund to any arrearage owed by the member to the Commission. Otherwise, at the option of the member, the refund may be retained by the Commission and applied towards the member's next annual contribution.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses are comprised mainly of compensation for services rendered by servicing organizations submitted and approved by a majority of the Commissioners. In instances where invoices have not been submitted for specific periods, the maximum allowable contract amount has been accrued.

Note 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Income Taxes

The Commission is exempt from income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Net Position

In accordance with the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, "Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments", the Commission has classified its net position as unrestricted. This component of net position consists of net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets" and includes net position that may be allocated for specific purposes by the Board.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues include all revenues derived from member contributions. Non-operating revenues principally consist of interest income earned on various interest-bearing accounts and on investments in debt securities and positive changes in the Commission's investment in the New Jersey Counties Excess Joint Insurance Fund.

Operating expenses include expenses associated with the Commission's operations, including claims expense, insurance and administrative expenses. Non-operating expenses include changes in the Commission's investment in the New Jersey Counties Excess Joint Insurance Fund.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Commission's deposits might not be recovered. Although the Commission does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). Under the Act, the first \$250,000 of governmental deposits in each insured depository is protected by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Public funds owned by the Commission in excess of FDIC insured amounts are protected by GUDPA. However, GUDPA does not protect intermingled trust funds such as salary withholdings or funds that may pass to the Commission relative to the happening of a future condition. If the Commission had any such funds, they would be shown as Uninsured and Uncollateralized.

Of the Commission's bank balance of \$2,900,365 as of December 31, 2015, \$250,000 was insured while \$2,650,365 was collateralized under GUDPA.

Note 4: INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

As discussed in Note 6, the Commission is a member of the New Jersey Counties Excess Joint Insurance Fund. The CEL is carrying the individual fund year surplus as unrestricted net position on the Statement of Net Position. The allocations of those funds attributed to the CEL's individual members are based on the member's percentage of assessments. The Commission's allocated share of surplus for the years ended December 31, 2015 was \$181,026.

Note 5: CHANGES IN UNPAID CLAIMS LIABILITIES

As discussed in Note 2, the Commission establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of future payments of losses and related allocated claim adjustment expenses.

The following represents changes in those aggregate undiscounted reported and unreported liabilities for the Commission during the period ended December 31, 2015 or all open Commission years net of excess insurance recoveries:

		<u>2015</u>
Total unpaid claim and claim adjustment		
expenses all fund years - Beginning of Year	\$	946,600
Incurred claims and claims adjustment expenses:		
Provision for insured events of current fund year		942,768
Changes in provision for insured events of		
prior fund years		(6,888)
Total incurred claims and claims adjustment		
expenses all fund years		1,882,480
Payments (Net of Recoveries):		
Claims and claim adjustments expenses:		
Attributable to insured events of current fund year		263,386
Attributable to insured events of prior fund years		302,840
Total Payments all fund years		566,226
Total unpaid claim and claim adjustment	Ф	1 21 6 25 4
expenses all fund years - End of Year	\$	1,316,254

Note 6: MEMBERSHIP IN JOINT INSURANCE FUNDS

New Jersey Counties Excess Joint Insurance Fund

Effective September 25, 2012, the Commission became a member of the New Jersey Counties Excess Joint Insurance Fund. The CEL is a risk-sharing public entity risk pool that is a self-administered group of county insurance fund commissions established for the purpose of providing excess insurance coverage to participating property and casualty members. Each member appoints an official to represent their respective insurance fund commission for the purpose of creating a governing body from which officers for the CEL are elected.

As a member of the CEL, the Commission could be subject to supplemental assessments in the event of deficiencies. If the assets of the CEL were to be exhausted, members would become jointly and severally liable for the CEL's liabilities.

The CEL can declare and distribute dividends to members upon approval of the State of New Jersey Department of Insurance. These distributions are divided among the members in the same ratio as their individual assessment relates to the total assessment of the membership for that fund year.

Selected Financial Information

Selected, summarized financial information for the New Jersey Counties Excess Joint Insurance Fund as of December 31, 2015 is as follows:

Total Assets	\$ 17,253,582
Total Liabilities	\$ 11,389,410
Net Position	\$ 5,864,172
Total Revenue	\$ 21,242,764
Total Expenses	\$ 20,584,344
Change In Net Position	\$ 540,598
Distributions to Members	\$ 150,000

Financial statements for the New Jersey Counties Excess Joint Insurance Fund are available at the office of the Fund's Executive Director:

PERMA 9 Campus Drive, Suite 216 Parsippany, NJ 07054 (201) 881-7632

Note 7: **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

As disclosed in note 6, the Commission is a member of the New Jersey Counties Excess Liability Joint Insurance Fund and accordingly has an ownership interest in the CEL. Excess insurance premiums paid to the CEL for the year ended December 31, 2015 were \$1,084,711.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION RECONCILIATION OF CLAIMS LIABILITIES BY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	1		General		:	Workers'		
	∆	Property	Liability	Ant	Automobile	Compensation		Total
Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses - beginning of year	↔	11,431	\$ 356,873	ج ج	50,366	\$ 527,930	↔	946,600
Incurred claims and claims adjustment expenses: Provision for insured events of current Fund year Changes in provision for insured events of prior Fund years		34,987 8,063	219,300 (115,976)	00	50,517 5,007	637,964 96,018		942,768 (6,888)
Total incurred claims and claims adjustment expenses all Fund years		54,481	460,197	76	105,890	1,261,912	,	1,882,480
Payments: Claims and claims adjustment expenses: Attributable to insured events of current Fund year Attributable to insured events of prior Fund years		24,699 19,494	9,870 2,541	70	26,241 27,140	202,576 253,665		263,386 302,840
Total payments all Fund years		44,193	12,411	_	53,381	456,241		566,226
Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses - end of year	↔	10,288 \$	\$ 447,786	\$	52,509	\$ 805,671	Ω	805,671 \$ 1,316,254

2,837,878 1,804,711

S

2015

1,033,167

330,070

942,768

942,768

263,386

942,768

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION FOUR-YEAR CLAIMS DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

	2014	2,780,503 1,056,912	1,723,591	330,617	1,197,481	1,197,481	605,627 782,315	1,197,481 1,076,030	(121,451)
	2013	2,576,808 \$ 920,110	1,656,698	312,792	772,867	772,867	197,321 407,115 530,130	772,867 741,577 859,751	86,884 \$
ol.	<u>2012</u>	505,668 \$ 169,580	336,088	23,781	65,696	65,696	1,302 31,540 33,942 37,078	65,696 59,974 54,223 50,614	(15,082) \$
1, 401		↔							↔
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013									
	Net Earned Required Contribution	and investment Revende. Earned Ceded		Unallocated Expenses	Estimated Claims and Expenses, End of Policy Year. Incurred Ceded	Net Incurred	Paid (Cumulative) as of: End of Policy Year One Year Later Two Years Later Three Years Later	Reestimated Incurred Claims and Expenses: End of Policy Year One Year Later Two Years Later Three Years Later	Change in Estimated Incurred Claims and Expenses from End of Policy Year

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF FUND YEAR 2015 ACCOUNT OPERATING RESULTS ANALYSIS FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2015 TO DECEMBER 31, 2015

Coverages and Other Accounts

	Property	General <u>Liability</u>	Automobile	Workers' Compensation	<u>GEL</u>	Expense & Contingency	<u>Total</u>
Underwriting Income: Regular Contributions	\$ 100,883	\$ 282,540	\$ 48,858	\$ 927,435	\$ 1,084,710	\$ 391,468	\$ 2,835,894
Total Income	100,883	282,540	48,858	927,435	1,084,710	391,468	2,835,894
Incurred Liabilities: Claims Expenses	34,987	219,300	50,517	637,964	1,084,711	330,070	942,768 1,414,781
Total Liabilities	34,987	219,300	50,517	637,964	1,084,711	330,070	2,357,549
Underwriting Surplus (Deficit)	968,39	63,240	(1,659)	289,471	(1)	61,398	478,345
Adjustments: Investment Income Permanent Transfers	115	427	65	1,220	157		1,984
Total Adjustments	115.00	427.00	65.00	1,220.00	157.00		1,984
Gross Surplus (Deficit) Return of Surplus	66,011	63,667	(1,594)	290,691	156	61,398	480,329
Net Surplus (Deficit) Before Unallocated Investment \$===	66,011	\$ 63,667	\$ (1,594) \$	\$ 290,691	\$ 156	\$ 61,398	\$ 480,329
Investment in Joint Venture						ı	38,012

518,341

\$

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF FUND YEAR 2014 ACCOUNT OPERATING RESULTS ANALYSIS FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2014 TO DECEMBER 31, 2015

Coverages and Other Accounts

Underwriting Income: Regular Contributions Total Income Incurred Liabilities: Claims Expenses Total Liabilities Underwriting Surplus (Deficit) Adjustments: Investment Income	\$ 98,905 \$ 98,905 402,443 402,443 (303,538)	General Liability 277,000 277,000 141,272 135,728	Automobile \$ 47,900 47,900 50,952 50,952 (3,052)	Workers' Compensation \$ 909,250 909,250 481,363 427,887 2,196	CEL \$ 1,056,912 1,056,912 1,056,912 -	Expense & Contingency \$ 387,264 330,617 330,617 56,647	₩	Total 2,777,231 2,777,231 1,076,030 1,387,529 2,463,559 313,672
Permanent Transfers Total Adjustments	.	947.00	102.00	2,196.00	27.00			3,272
Gross Surplus (Deficit) Return of Surplus	(303,538)	136,675	(2,950)	430,083	27	56,647	_	316,944
Net Surplus (Deficit) Before Unallocated Investment \$ (303,538) Investment in Joint Venture	\$ (303,538) \$	136,675	\$ (2,950) \$	\$ 430,083	\$ 27	\$ 56,647	\$	316,944

380,130

8

Net Surplus

STATEMENT OF FUND YEAR 2013 ACCOUNT OPERATING RESULTS ANALYSIS FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2013 TO DECEMBER 31, 2015

Coverages and Other Accounts

Total	2,571,333	2,571,333	859,751 1,232,902	2,092,653	478,680	5,475	5,475	484,155	484,155	73,473
• •	\$	2	~	2					↔	
Expense & Contingency	370,837	370,837	312,792	312,792	58,045	160	160.00	58,205	58,205	ı
<u> </u>	↔								↔	
CEL	920,110	920,110	920,110	920,110	1	73	73.00	73	73	
	∨								↔	
Workers' Compensation	887,500	887,500	707,323	707,323	180,177	3,309	3,309.00	183,486	183,486	
싱	↔								↔	
Automobile	45,900	45,900	15,335	15,335	30,565	241	241.00	30,806	30,806	
Α	∨								⇔	
General <u>Liability</u>	274,500	274,500	97,887	97,887	176,613	1,542	1,542.00	178,155	178,155	
0 -1	S								⇔	
Property	72,486	72,486	39,206	39,206	33,280	150	150.00	33,430	33,430	
Δļ	∨								⇔	
	Underwriting Income: Regular Contributions	Total Income	Incurred Liabilities: Claims Expenses	Total Liabilities	Underwriting Surplus	Adjustments: Investment Income Permanent Transfers	Total Adjustments	Gross Surplus Return of Surplus	Net Surplus Before Unallocated Investment \$===	Investment in Joint Venture

557,628

\$

Net Surplus

FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 25, 2012 (DATE OF INCEPTION) TO DECEMBER 31, 2015 STATEMENT OF FUND YEAR 2012 ACCOUNT OPERATING RESULTS ANALYSIS

Coverages and Other Accounts

	집	Property	ტ ⊐	General <u>Liability</u>	Automobile	Wo	Workers' Compensation	CEL	Expense & Contingency	Expense & Contingency	Total
Underwriting Income: Regular Contributions CEL Dividend	↔	13,037	↔	61,586	\$ 7,816	↔	176,278 \$	169,580 2,109	2 \$	73,709 \$	502,006 2,109
Total Income		13,037		61,586	7,816		176,278	171,689		73,709	504,115
Incurred Liabilities: Claims Expenses				9,865			40,749	169,580	2	23,781	50,614 193,361
Total Liabilities				9,865			40,749	169,580	2	23,781	243,975
Underwriting Surplus		13,037		51,721	7,816		135,529	2,109	4	49,928	260,140
Adjustments: Investment Income Permanent Transfers		80		365	49		914	2		138	1,553
Total Adjustments		80.00		365.00	49.00		914.00	7.00	_	138.00	1,553
Gross Surplus Return of Surplus		13,117		52,086	7,865		136,443	2,116 2,109	2	50,066	261,693 2,109
Net Surplus Before Unallocated Investment \$====================================	↔	13,117	↔	52,086	\$ 7,865	↔	136,443 \$	7	↔	\$ 20,066 \$	259,584
Investment in Joint Venture											6,354
Net Surplus										↔	265,938

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF FUND YEAR 2015 CLAIMS ANALYSIS FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2015 TO DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>P</u>	roperty	General <u>Liability</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Automobile</u>	Workers' mpensation	<u>Total</u>
Paid Claims (Net of Recoveries) Case Reserves IBNR Reserves Reserve Discount	\$	24,699 10,060 241 (13)	\$ 9,870 75,131 139,999 (5,700)	\$	26,241 500 24,259 (483)	\$ 202,576 S 316,904 130,520 (12,036)	\$ 263,386 402,595 295,019 (18,232)
Subtotal		34,987	219,300		50,517	637,964	942,768
Excess Insurance Received Recoverable							- -
Subtotal		-				<u>-</u>	
Limited Incurred Claims	\$	34,987	\$ 219,300	\$	50,517	\$ 637,964	\$ 942,768
Number of Claims		5	54		8	108	175
Average Cost Per Claim	\$	6,997	\$ 4,061	\$	6,315	\$ 5,907	\$ 5,387

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF FUND YEAR 2014 CLAIMS ANALYSIS FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2014 TO DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>P</u>	roperty	General <u>Liability</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Automobile</u>	Workers' mpensation	<u>Total</u>
Paid Claims (Net of Recoveries) Case Reserves IBNR Reserves Reserve Discount	\$	402,443	\$ 4,331 8,010 132,659 (3,728)	\$	25,754 6,001 19,698 (501)	\$ 349,787 \$ 107,655 27,558 (3,637)	782,315 121,666 179,915 (7,866)
Subtotal		402,443	141,272		50,952	481,363	1,076,030
Excess Insurance Received Recoverable							-
Subtotal		-	-		-	-	-
Limited Incurred Claims	\$	402,443	\$ 141,272	\$	50,952	\$ 481,363 \$	1,076,030
Number of Claims		20	60		16	99	195
Average Cost Per Claim	\$	20,122	\$ 2,355	\$	3,185	\$ 4,862 \$	5,518

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF FUND YEAR 2013 CLAIMS ANALYSIS FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2013 TO DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>F</u>	Property	General <u>Liability</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Automobile</u>	Workers' mpensation	<u>Total</u>
Paid Claims (Net of Recoveries) Case Reserves IBNR Reserves Reserve Discount	\$	39,206	\$ 3,541 26,680 69,778 (2,112)	\$	12,300 862 2,209 (36)	\$ 475,083 221,358 18,559 (7,677)	\$ 530,130 248,900 90,546 (9,825)
Subtotal		39,206	97,887		15,335	707,323	859,751
Excess Insurance Received Recoverable							- -
Subtotal		-			_		
Limited Incurred Claims	\$	39,206	\$ 97,887	\$	15,335	\$ 707,323	\$ 859,751
Number of Claims		16	45		5	97	163
Average Cost Per Claim	\$	2,450	\$ 2,175	\$	3,067	\$ 7,292	\$ 5,275

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF FUND YEAR 2012 CLAIMS ANALYSIS FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 25, 2012 (DATE OF INCEPTION) TO DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>F</u>	Property	General <u>Liability</u>	<u>Au</u>	tomobile	Workers' mpensation	<u>Total</u>
Paid Claims (Net of Recoveries) Case Reserves IBNR Reserves Reserve Discount	\$	-	\$ 2,796 1,000 6,204 (135)	\$	-	\$ 34,282 5,181 1,537 (251)	\$ 37,078 6,181 7,741 (386)
Subtotal			9,865			40,749	50,614
Excess Insurance Received Recoverable							<u>-</u>
Subtotal		-	-		-	-	
Limited Incurred Claims	\$	-	\$ 9,865	\$	-	\$ 40,749	\$ 50,614
Number of Claims		-	11		-	13	24
Average Cost Per Claim		-	\$ 897		-	\$ 3,135	\$ 2,109

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF FUND YEAR 2015 PROGRAM SUMMARY FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2015 TO DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>P</u> 1	operty		General <u>Liability</u>		<u>Auto</u>		Vorkers' npensation
Limits	\$260	,000,000	;	\$20,500,000	\$2	0,500,000	STA	ATUTORY
Fund Retention	\$1	00,000		\$250,000	\$	250,000	\$2	250,000
Excess Insurers	Mitsui Sc	Zurich Sumitomo ottsdale Starr		CEL erwriters at Lloyds ational Casualty		CEL vriters at Lloyds onal Casualty		CEL Wesco ety National
Number of Participants		4		4		4		4
Incurred Liabilities: Claims (Schedule B-1) Administrative Expenses (1)	\$	34,987 24,489	\$	219,300 68,586	\$	50,517 11,860	\$	637,964 225,134
	\$	59,476	\$	287,886	\$	62,377	\$	863,098

⁽¹⁾ Allocated on the basis of assessments and transfers by coverage.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF FUND YEAR 2014 PROGRAM SUMMARY FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2014 TO DECEMBER 31, 2015

	ļ	Property	General <u>Liability</u>		<u>Auto</u>		Workers' mpensation
Limits	\$26	60,000,000	\$20,500,000		\$20,500,000	ST	ATUTORY
Fund Retention	\$	100,000	\$250,000		\$250,000	\$	250,000
Excess Insurers	S	Zurich RSUI cottsdale	CEL derwriters at Lloyds National Casualty		CEL erwriters at Lloyds ational Casualty	Saf	CEL Wesco ety National
Number of Participants		3	3		3	3	
Incurred Liabilities: Claims (Schedule B-2) Administrative Expenses (1)	\$	402,443 24,530	\$ 141,272 68,700	\$	50,952 11,880	\$	481,363 225,507
	\$	426,973	\$ 209,972	\$	62,832	\$	706,870

⁽¹⁾ Allocated on the basis of assessments and transfers by coverage.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF FUND YEAR 2013 PROGRAM SUMMARY FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2013 TO DECEMBER 31, 2015

	<u>P</u>	roperty		General <u>Liability</u>		<u>Auto</u>		Workers' mpensation
Limits	\$260	0,000,000		\$20,500,000		\$20,500,000	ST	ATUTORY
Fund Retention	\$1	00,000		\$250,000		\$250,000	\$	250,000
Excess Insurers	_	Zurich RSUI		CEL derwriters at Lloyds Starr Indemnity	Un	CEL derwriters at Lloyds Starr Indemnity		CEL Wesco ety National
Number of Participants		3	3			3	3	
Incurred Liabilities: Claims (Schedule B-3) Administrative Expenses (1)	\$	39,206 17,708	\$	97,887 67,059	\$	15,335 11,213	\$	707,323 216,812
	\$	56,914	\$	164,946	\$	26,548	\$	924,135

⁽¹⁾ Allocated on the basis of assessments and transfers by coverage.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY INSURANCE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF FUND YEAR 2012 PROGRAM SUMMARY FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 25, 2012 (DATE OF INCEPTION) TO DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Prop	<u>erty</u>		General <u>Liability</u>		<u>Auto</u>		-	Workers' mpensation
Limits	\$260,00	00,000	\$2	0,500,000	\$2	20,500,00	0	ST	ATUTORY
Fund Retention	\$100,	,000	9	\$250,000	;	\$250,000		\$	250,000
Excess Insurers	Lexin RS	-		CEL Star		CEL Star			CEL Star
Number of Participants	3		3		3			3	
Incurred Liabilities: Claims (Schedule B-4) Administrative Expenses (1)	\$	1,198	\$	9,865 5,661	\$	7	718	\$	40,749 16,203
	\$	1,198	\$	15,526	\$	-	718	\$	56,952

⁽¹⁾ Allocated on the basis of assessments and transfers by coverage.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AS PREPARED BY MANAGEMENT

This section identifies the status of prior year audit findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

There were no findings in the prior year.

APPRECIATION

We express our appreciation for the assistance provided to us during our audit.

Respectfully submitted,

BOWMAN & COMPANY LLP Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

James J. Miles, Jr. Certified Public Accountant